

## Good Governance Index (GGI), Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions

Dr Jitendra Singh, Hon'ble Minister of state, Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions launched the 'Good Governance Index' (GGI) at an event organized by the Ministry of Personnel, Public Grievances & Pensions submitted by Centre for Good Governance (CGG), on the occasion of Good Governance Day recently. The framework of GGI aims to put forth a comprehensive means of computing an index to measure governance across states and rank them accordingly. The intent of the index is to provide information for the State Governments to act on and improve providing some insights to Central Ministries and Departments.

The GGI framework conceptualises and builds upon the fact that good governance acts as a means to effective delivery of essential services such as education, healthcare, environment protection; enabling economic growth and development in sectors such as agriculture, industry; and access to legal protection and judicial services thereby covering major components of what constitutes governance.

## The GGI takes into consideration ten sectors:

- Agriculture and Allied Sectors
- Commerce & Industries,
- Human Resource Development

- Public Health
- Public Infrastructure & Utilities
- Economic Governance
- Social Welfare & Development
- Judicial & Public Security
- Environment
- Citizen-Centric Governance

These ten Governance Sectors are measured on total 50 indicators. Difference indicators are given different weightage under one Governance Sector to calculate the value. E.g. Under Agriculture & Allied Sector, there are 6 indicators with different weightage, namely: Growth rate of agriculture and allied sector (0.4), growth rate of food grains production (0.1), growth rate of horticulture produce (0.1), growth rate of milk production (0.1), growth rate of meat production (0.1) and crop insurance (0.2). The states and UTs are divided into three groups: a). Big States, b). North-East & Hill States and c). UTs. The states and UTs are ranked on all indicators separately, at the same time composite ranking is also calculated for these states and UTs under their respective groups based upon these indicators.

Big States	Score	North East & Hill	Score	Union Territories	Score
Tamil Nadu	5.62	Himachal Pradesh	5.22	Pondicherry	4.69
Maharashtra	5.40	Uttarakhand	4.87	Chandigarh	4.68
Karnataka	5.10	Tripura	4.50	Delhi	4.39
Chhattisgarh	5.05	Mizoram	4.41	Daman & Diu	4.33
Andhra Pradesh	5.05	Sikkim	4.21	A&N Island L	4.12
Gujarat	5.04	Assam	4.07	D&N Haveli	3.12
Haryana	5.00	J & K	4.04	akshadweep	2.97
Kerala	4.98	Manipur	3.93		

## Composite Ranking :

Madhya Pradesh	4.85	Meghalaya	3.81	
West Bengal	4.84	Nagaland	3.55	
Telangana	4.83	Arunachal Pradesh	3.03	
Rajasthan	4.80			
Punjab	4.57			
Orissa	4.44			
Bihar	4.40			
Goa	4.29			
Uttar Pradesh	4.25			
Jharkhand	4.23			

## The Presentation on the Report is attached for your kind reference.

Please contact for any query related to this mail to Ms Preeti Rajput, Research Associate at Preeti.rajput@phdcci.in with a cc to Dr S P Sharma, Chief Economist at spsharma@phdcci.in and Ms Megha Kaul, Economist at megha@phdcci.in, PHD Chamber of Commerce & Industry.





**COPYRIGHT:** All rights reserved. No part of this publication/Release may be reproduced, distributed, or transmitted in any form or by any means, without the prior written permission of the publisher. For permission requests, write to the publisher.

**DISCLAIMER:** This message and its attachments contain confidential information. If you are not the intended recipient, you are strictly prohibited to disclose, copy, distribute or take any action in reliance on the contents of this information. E-mail transmission cannot be guaranteed to be secure or error-free, as information could be intercepted, corrupted, lost, destroyed, arrive late or incomplete, or contain viruses. The sender therefore does not accept liability for any errors or omissions in the contents of this message, which arise as a result of e-mail transmission. If verification is required please request a hard-copy version.